

TRAINING RELIGIOUS LEADERS AS FAMILY PLANNING ADVOCATES

Faith Leaders in Uganda Dramatically Increase Family Planning Knowledge

BACKGROUND

A woman in Uganda knew her husband did not approve of her use of contraception, so she told him her vaginal foaming tablets were for headaches. One day she discovered he had swallowed the tablets himself to cure his own headache. This was the story Reverend Yona Chris Kyewe, Executive Director of the Family Life Education Program in Uganda shared in the opening of a training session conducted by CCIH and the Uganda Protestant Medical Bureau (UPMB). The training was designed to educate religious leaders about family planning and why they must understand it and encourage communication in their congregations about this lifesaving health intervention.

Women in Uganda suffer a high maternal mortality rate of 343 deaths per 100,000 live births, one of the highest rates in the world. They also have a high fertility rate and give birth to an average of two children more than they desire, with many unintended pregnancies ending in abortion. While family planning is necessary to reduce unintended pregnancies, the use of contraception in the country is low, especially in rural areas, where it is used by only about 23 percent of women.



Judith Kiconco

Dr. Tony Tumwesigye, Executive Director of the Uganda Protestant Medical Bureau was one of the facilitators training religious leaders on FP.

Religious leaders are in a prime position to change harmful attitudes about family planning. They are some of the most important and respected opinion leaders in Ugandan communities who can help shift social norms. By virtue of their status and position in society, religious leaders can play a critical role in the community to ensure uptake of family planning services. But in order to educate and change minds, religious leaders must have correct information about reproductive health and family planning, and they must be comfortable talking about these topics.

INTERVENTION

To equip clergy to discuss and promote healthy timing and spacing of pregnancies, CCIH and UPMB conducted a two-day training for a diverse group of religious leaders, including Catholic, Muslim, Pentecostal and Protestant leaders. The first training was held October 27-28, 2015 in Jinja, with the second occurring November 16-17, 2015 in Mbarara.

The objectives of the training were to prepare the leaders to use knowledge of reproductive health to educate and counsel clients and to apply selected concepts to FP/RH services; explain key HTSP messages and understand their links to family planning; identify and clarify rumors about contraception; identify the family planning methods available in the local context and where to receive them; support couples to improve communication; and shared decision-making and conduct learning sessions for congregations on HTSP.

The facilitators for the workshop were Dr. Tonny Tumwesigye, Executive Director, UPMB, Judith Hope Kiconco, Reproductive Health Officer, UPMB; Davis Wacha, UPMB and James Mwesigwa, UPMB. The training was interactive with small and large group discussions, and opportunities for participants to work together as a group.

An assessment conducted after the training revealed significant improvement in the knowledge of religious leaders on family planning.

OUTCOMES

An assessment conducted at the end of the course revealed a significant increase in participant knowledge on family planning after the training. The religious leaders in the training averaged 30.7 percent in pre-test scores of their knowledge and 57 percent in post-test, an increase of nearly 84 percent. In one case, the score of a Catholic leader rose from 5 percent to 52 percent, showing vast

improvement in his knowledge of family planning. In addition, participants reported finding a simulation exercise conducted in the classroom with role play very useful.

Some of the ideas religious leaders had for encouraging communication about healthy timing and spacing of pregnancies include mainstreaming family planning information in routine activities, including information in sermons, involving peer and adolescent groups, couples counseling, demystifying myths about family planning, and using role models.

LESSONS LEARNED

At the end of the training, Dr. Tumwesigye challenged the participants to start immediately demystifying what the public thinks and says about religious leaders and family planning and debunk the myth that religion is against family planning. He stressed that from the discussions it was clear that no religion is against family planning but different faiths are comfortable with different methods and they should promote what is right for their congregations.

Religious leaders and faith communities need to be provided information about all FP methods, and need to be aware that they cannot and should not force a community to use a method members are uncomfortable with.

Religious leaders are very open to discussing and learning about family planning when they are in a comfortable environment with their peers. Family planning knowledge can be vastly improved through lectures combined with group work and discussions and interactive role play.

Future trainings focused on religious leaders in their communities can reach even more leaders who can share these important messages with their congregations and help change attitudes and objections to family planning.